

NAMING, DESCRIBING, and CLASSIFICATION of PROJECTS

Revised for JAM-2019

Since Exhibitor Cards are computer generated from Online Entry Forms it is important that Description of Project is precise and correct upon entering. Properly naming a project also helps to identify the correct class it should be in. It is also necessary that correct spelling and casing is used. Long project names and/or using all caps may cause it to wrap around to another line on the Card and some important information on the card could be lost. Also, it is important to note that Showmanship Judges will inspect the Exhibitor Cards for Spelling, Capitalization, and Project Description. For a complete list of rules and guidelines for the 2019 JAM Show please refer to the 2019 Livestock Premium List which can be found at www.sarodeo.com. This document is designed to help with naming, describing and classifying projects. Contact the Livestock Office at livestock@sarodeo.com with any questions.

General rules:

Spelling and Formatting

- Spelling is correct and first letter of each word in description is capitalized. Do not use all caps.
- **Do not use brand names** in any project description – for example *Tumble Bug* for pull type single bale hay fork – see below
- Make sure project is entered in the correct class. Descriptions below will help you to decipher this.
- **It is strongly recommended that you use no more than 40 spaces – including letters, periods and spaces, when naming a project. This is due to limited room available on the Exhibitors Card.**

Trailers

- All trailers regardless of their purpose or application will be shown in trailer classes. Exceptions are: Bumper Pulled BBQ pit trailers (301), Single and two bale hay trailers (101), Chemical nurse tank trailers (102), Bumper pull welding trailer (903) and equipment with temporary wheels which are identified in the class descriptions below.
- Abbreviate “feet” with “ft.” whenever possible. “ft.” should have a period to indicate it is an abbreviation. Normally, you should not abbreviate other descriptors. Typically, size is not necessary in naming projects unless the project is extremely large. Trailers, however, are an exception since size is used to classify them.
- There is no need to include the name Trailer in the description of the project with only a few exceptions. When naming a trailer project: “Bumper Pull Utility – less than 10 ft.” should be described as “10 ft. Utility.” The word trailer is not necessary unless the Trailer is named so that show officials would not recognize it as a Trailer. For most trailers that would enter in the Other Trailer class, the name “Trailer” should be included. Example: If the Trailer is equipped to assist in Fire Fighting then “Trailer” should be in the name of the project. There is no need to identify ramps, tilt beds (non-hydraulic assisted) or other accessories found on the Trailer. A Dump – hydraulic assisted should be identified and this should be entered in the Other Trailer class. See more Trailer examples below.

Exclusions of certain projects

- **No knives, spurs, leather goods, canoes, boats, or glass topped display tables will be allowed. Arts and Crafts projects are not allowed. Projects made from kits are not allowed.**
- **All wood projects will not be allowed. The placement of metal strip or decorative emblem does not remove a project from an all wood classification. Skill used in construction should be at least 25% other than carpentry.**

Other Reminders

- **No fuel gas or oxygen cylinders will be allowed on show grounds.**
- **All rolling stock will go through DOT inspection regardless of the class it is in.**

Division 1 Field Machinery and Equipment

Class 101 Hay Equipment

Names and description to use: 3 -Pt. Hay Fork, 3 -Pt. Hydraulic Hay Spear, Front Loader Hay Fork, Bucket Mounted Hay Spear, Hay Accumulator, Pull Type Single Bale Hay Fork, Hay Conveyor, Hay Grabber, etc. This class includes **Single or Two Bale Hay Trailers** and Bale Pickup Equipment. Any multi-bale trailer (more than 2 bales), gooseneck or bumper pull, will show in the Multi-bale Trailers (class 1102).

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names such as *Tumble Bug*

Class 102 Spraying Equipment (includes nurse tank trailers)

Names and descriptions to use: 40 ft. Boom Type Field Sprayer, 40 ft. Broad Jet Pasture Sprayer, Chemical or Fertilizer Nurse Tank Trailer. Trailer equipped with tanks and booms would show in this class as well as those trailers that have pumps and hoses or lines to transfer chemicals. Note: Fuel transfer trailer (metal tank) and pump will show in the appropriate other trailer class. All trailers with spray equipment including nurse tanks will need to be DOT inspected.

Class 103 Tractor Equipment

Names and descriptions to use: 8 ft. Arena Drag, 2 Cubic Yard Scraper or when describing volumes you may use abbreviations for unit measure – “yd³” or “cubic yard” , 32 ft. Crust Buster. (When units of measure are less than 5 you may spell out the unit for example instead of “2”, the word “two yd³”), 3-pt. Carry-all, Front End Loader, 7 ft. Rotary Brush Cutter, 3-pt. Trailer Coupler, 8 ft. Box Blade, 14 ft. Pasture Aerator, 8 ft. Disc Harrow, Manure Spreader, etc. Other examples include: Chisel Plow, 6 Row Cultivator and/or Land Leveler. Also included are tractor or skid steer attachments such as a tractor Powered Log Splitter, Tree Puller, 3 point hitch or skid steer Post Driver, or Stump Grinder. Equipment which uses the **tractors** hydraulics should be placed in this class.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names such as *Bush Hog*

Class 104 Truck & Equipment Accessories

Names and descriptions to use: Pickup Headache Rack, Pickup Brush Guard, Front or Rear Pickup Bumper, Grille Guard, Truck Brush Guard, Truck Tool Box, Receiver Hitch Carrier, ATV Rack, ATV Tag Along, Skid Type Fuel Tank, Welder Bed for Truck, Air Flow Tailgate, etc. Fuel Tank trailers are shown in appropriate Other Trailer class.

Names and descriptions not to use: *Ranch Hand* bumper or grille guard, *Western Hauler* truck bed.

Division 2 Shop Equipment & Resource Recovery

Class 201 Basic Shop Tables & Benches

Names and descriptions to use: Shop Table. Included in this class are basic shop tables. Do **not** include tables that are specialized in this class. Oxyacetylene cutting tables, CNC cutting platforms, or work stations would not show in this class. Any special purpose table, including those with a cut out or slide out cutting sections go into Class 202. Vises and equipment may be displayed on the table but are not considered in judging. Do not confuse this class with Livestock Equipment-Class 603. This class is **not** for yard tables.

49819c81-b84d-4bc8-be3f-4045c1ea152c

Class 202 Specialized Tables, & Work Stations

Names and descriptions to use: Included in this class are Oxy-acetylene Cutting Table, CNC Cutting Platform, and Hydraulic Test Station. This class includes work stations, specialized tables or benches, metal working tables, and tables specific for cut off saws. Projects which are permanently attached to a trailer show in a trailer class. Basic Shop Tables would show in class 201.

Class 203 Resource Recovery

Names and descriptions to use: **Stand-alone Log Splitter**, Mulch Separator, Tree Limb Grinder, Compost Creation Device, Recycled Material Separator, or Rain Water Recovery Device. This class should include projects which involve the reuse of materials which would be discarded or placed into landfills. Project may have electrical or hydraulic components if used in the recycling or recovery of materials. If project is permanently attached to a trailer, it will show in a trailer class.

Class 204 Other Shop Equipment

Names and descriptions to use: 10 Ton Floor Press, Jack Stands, A-Frame Hoist, Metal Saw Horse, Tire Storage Rack, Barrel Rack, Engine Stand, Cherry Picker, Oxy-Fuel Cylinder Cart, Pipe Bender or Tubing Roller Station. Other examples include Trailer Light Tester, Electrical Outlet Stand, Parts Washer, and Shop Built Sheet Metal Break or Roller. If project is permanently attached to a trailer, it will show in a trailer class.

Division 3 Towable Cooking Equipment (outdoor equipment)

No oxygen or fuel cylinders will be allowed on show grounds

Class 301 Towable (wheels with lug bolts) Cooking Devices (BBQ pits, Smokers, Grills)

Large BBQ Pits, Smokers or Grills permanently mounted to trailers in order to be used as portable cooking devices. **Trailer must pass DOT inspection. Please remember any part mounted on the trailer as a part of the BBQ Pit cannot exceed a width of 102 inches.** Safety concerns including heavy lids, sharp edges, grills that cannot be cleaned effectively, proper grill surfaces, the effect of heat on tires, and concerns with heat and cooking gases will be addressed. Tongue weight and weight distribution is also an important consideration. Racks for gas cylinders may be part of the project but no cylinders are to be brought onto the S.A.L.E. grounds. Large cooking devices may include storage areas and covers as a part of the cooking trailer. This class includes trailers, bumper pull, or gooseneck pull, designed as a BBQ pit. Large semi pulled BBQ trailer will show in class 1103 Other Trailers.

Division 4 Non-Towable Cooking Equipment

Class 401 Non Towable Cooking Devices (Barrel BBQ pits not allowed)

This class could include BBQ Pits, or Smokers. The cooking device may be small enough to be hand carried or have small wheels which would aid in the movement of the BBQ pit in the yard. This class would not include towable pits. Consideration for ease of use, practicality, useful life, cooking ability and cooking surfaces will be considered. No barrel BBQ pits will be allowed. Food safety issues will be a part of judging criteria.

49819c81-b84d-4bc8-be3f-4045c1ea152c

Class 402 Fire Pits, Fish Fryers & Disc Cookers

Projects in this class are designed to feature fire as a focal point, and the control wind born embers. These pits may be used for cooking but would not have a closeable solid lid like a BBQ pit. They may have a mesh type cover. Other names may be Fire Disc grills, Plow Disc, Cowboy cooking disc and hibachi. Also included are devices used to deep fry food. Gas fired devices are allowed but no cylinders are to be brought on show grounds.

Division 5 Yard and Garden Equipment

Class 501 Patio - Yard and Garden Equipment

This class includes items used outdoors as convenience or practical items, such as Tables, Swings, & Planters. No Glass Topped Tables will be allowed. Tables must have at least 25% skill other than carpentry as part of the structure of the project. All projects must be designed for outdoors use. No all wood or indoor furniture allowed. Simple all wood picnic tables would lack the complexity to compete within this class. The addition of metal ornament or band will not be considered as a part of the 25% .

Class 502 Greenhouses, Potting Sheds, Tack or Tool Sheds, Small Buildings

Green Houses, Potting Sheds and other buildings or structures including those for storage or tack equipment. In addition to carpentry, projects made of wood must include significant metal or other technical skills such as plumbing, masonry, and/or electrical.

Division 6 Livestock Handling Equipment

Class 601 Gates and Livestock Panels

Names and descriptions to use: 12 ft. Entrance Gate, 12 ft. Pasture Gate, 10 ft. Livestock Panel, 24 ft. Double Entrance Gate with Arch Way, (Too long, leave Arch Way out of description) Set of 8 Livestock Panels. Including the word “gate” or “panel” in description to differentiate between gate and panel is advised. **Gates must include hinges and latches. Consider gate length and weight when constructing and placing hinges. Extremely long gates may have a disadvantage compared to two single hung gates. Extremely long gates could lead to a lower score.** Panel sets would have the ability to be interlocking.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

Class 602 Squeeze Chutes & Restraining Equipment (Stock, Crowding or Working Pens)

Names and descriptions to use: Hydraulic Squeeze Chute, Squeeze Chute, Hoof Trimming Table, Crowding Pens. Working Pens implies more than a set of panels (see Class 601), Calf Tilt Table, Livestock Working Table, and Loading Chute with or without wheels, etc. Tables and Pens are included in description. Projects in this class could encompass hydraulics or mechanical equipment along with significant use of panels and gates. Hydraulic Squeeze Chutes would fit in this class. Items in this class may have temporary wheels used for relocation.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

Class 603 Trim Chutes, Blocking Stands, Livestock Crates

Names and descriptions to use: Head Gate, Cattle Trim Chute, Sheep Trimming Stand, Goat Trimming Stand, Hog Clipping Stand, Small Animal Crate (for Pickup not necessary), Hog Weighing Station, etc. Grooming Light Stand, Grooming Stand with Lights and Outlets, (Too long, shorten to Grooming Stand.) Livestock Show Display, Lamb Treadmill, etc. Many projects in this class are used in preparing livestock for a livestock show. **Hutches and chicken enclosures would show in class 703.** Items in this class may have temporary wheels used for relocation.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

Division 7 Livestock & Game Equipment

Class 701 Feeders & Troughs

Note: Hay and hay/grain feeders should be entered in this class. The S.A.L.E. JAM show does not separate feeders and creep feeders. All feeders are shown in one class.

Names and descriptions to use: Feeders equipped with storage hoppers or bins are to be entered in this class. This class is the best fit for concrete water troughs. Feeders made of metal, wood, or both are shown in this class. 8 ft. Covered Mineral Feeder (Shorten to *Covered Feeder*), Wind-Vane Mineral Feeder (Mineral not needed in name), 8 ft. Open Feed Trough- 6 x 4 ft. (Size is not necessary in description), Mineral and Salt Feeder (Salt is not necessary in description), Hanging Hay Feeder for Horse Stall (Shorten this *Horse Feeder*), 12 ft. Hay/Grain Feeder, 8 ft. Self Feeder, One Ton Self Feeder, 8 ft. Creep Feeder (Size not necessary in description), 10 ft. Combination Self Feeder/Creep Feeder (Size not necessary in description and “feeder” is implied), Any feeder with permanent undercarriage (Wheels, axle, or springs) shows in appropriate trailer class. Tricycle type hay feeder wagons will be allowed in this class. Items in this class may have temporary wheels used for relocation.

Class 702 Wildlife

Names and descriptions to use: Wildlife Observation Tower, Timed Wildlife Feeder, Deer Chute, Quail Feeder, Feral Hog Removal Equipment, etc. Trailers with permanently mounted wildlife projects such as those used for the transportation of wildlife, wildlife feed, or observation towers, show in the appropriate other trailer class.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names. Do not use Deer Feeder, Hog Trap or Hunting Blind in names.

Class 703 Other Livestock Equipment (including Walkers, Chicken Coops and Hutches)

Names and descriptions to use: Stall, Post Puller, Auction Stand, Feed Dolly, Hammer Mill, Feed Mixer, 14 ft. Cattle Guard with Gates (Remove size – makes name too long), Grain Storage Bin, Sales Ring, **Livestock Walker**, Show Box, Clipper Blade Sharpener, etc. **All hutches and poultry enclosures show in this class.** Farrowing Crate, Roping Chutes, and Loading Chutes should be in Squeeze Chutes & Restraining Equipment, Class 602.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

Division 8 Small Bumper Pull Trailers

*Note: All tilt bed trailers show in their respective class depending on length. Hydraulic Dump bed trailers and enclosed trailers of any length will show in Other Bumper Pulled Trailers. Any trailer in this division regardless of length that is specialized for a purpose will show in other trailers 904 with the exception of Welding trailers 903, BBQ trailers 301, Chemical nurse tank trailer 102, and single or 2 bale hay trailers 101. **Do not use car hauler in name or description***

Class 801 Utility-10 ft. and under

Names and descriptions to use: “8 ft. Utility Less Than 10 ft.” can be entered as “8 ft. Utility.” Since the length is identified in the Class Description it is not necessary to use “Less Than 10 ft.” in the description of the project. Tilt Bed Utility, 10 ft. Tandem Axle Utility, 10 ft. Bumper Pull Equipment, etc. Also includes flat-bed trailers with load beam or truss beneath the floor.

Class 802 Utility – 10 ft. to 16 ft.

Names and descriptions to use: 12 ft. Utility Tandem Axle, 12 ft. Tilt-bed Utility, 12 ft. Equipment, etc. Included are Flat-bed Trailers with load beam or truss beneath the floor.

Division 9 Over 16 ft. & Other Bumper Pull Trailers

Class 901 Utility – Over 16 ft.

Names and descriptions to use: “18 ft. Utility Tandem Axle” can be entered as “18 ft. Equipment Trailer” (“Tandem Axle” is optional in that any trailer this length is most likely to have tandem axles). Included are Flat-bed Trailers with load beam or truss beneath the floor.

Class 902 Stock– All Lengths

Names and descriptions to use: Bumper Pull Stock, 16 ft., Bumper Pull Stock, Covered Top Stock, Tandem Axle Stock, 16 ft. Lamb and/or Pig Low Profile, etc.

Class 903 Welding – All Lengths (Bumper Pull)

Name and description to use: 10 ft. Welding Trailer, Welding Trailer 16 ft.: Use Welding Trailer and length for this class. Bumper pulled welding trailers are designed to support mobile welding, fabrication and repair. Judges do not evaluate equipment placed on the trailer but consider placement, security, and equipment storage. All length bumper pulled welding trailer will fit this class. No cylinders are to be located on the trailer – cylinder racks should be in place.

Class 904 Other Bumper Pull

Names and descriptions to use: Includes: Dump Bed Trailer, Fuel Tank Trailer (metal tank), and Note: Fuel tank should not have fuel in it. Also included are; Wildlife Feeding Trailers, Enclosed or Box Trailers, Lay Flat Equipment Trailer, and other types of bumper pull trailers. Any trailer that does not fit in trailer classes identified above. Field Repair Trailers show in this class. Single or Two Bale Hay Trailers should be entered in Hay Handling Equipment – Class 101. Trailers that are equipped with chemical nurse tanks (nonmetal tank) and pumps show in Sprayer Equipment class 102.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names such as *Tumble Bug*

49819c81-b84d-4bc8-be3f-4045c1ea152c

Division 10

Gooseneck Trailers

All Semi Pulled Trailers will show in class 1103, Other Trailers. **Please include Semi Pulled or “pull type” in the description of the trailer.** Do not use car hauler in name or description. All BBQ Trailers show in Class 301 unless they are semi pulled.

Class 1001 Lowboy (Bed between the wheels)

Names and descriptions to use: 24 ft. Gooseneck Lowboy. Lowboys imply that the railing is part of the load bearing member or truss. The side walls of livestock or box type trailers are part of the load bearing member but they would be in Livestock or Other Trailer Class.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

Class 1002 Flatbed/Float (Bed over wheels)

Names and descriptions to use: “32 ft. Gooseneck Float” can be entered instead of “32 ft. Gooseneck Dovetail Float” because Dovetail implies float or flatbed.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

Division 11 Gooseneck – Stock, Multibale, 5th Wheel & Other Trailers

Class 1101 Stock Trailers - All lengths

Names and descriptions to use: 24 ft. Gooseneck Stock, 24 ft. Porta-frame, Gooseneck Stock, etc.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

Class 1102 Multi-bale Trailers

Names and descriptions to use: Ten Bale Hay Trailer, etc. Including the length in ft. is not necessary. Most multi-bale trailers are gooseneck, but if the hay trailer is a bumper pull multi-bale trailer with more than two bales it will show in this class. Single and Double Hay Bale Trailers should be entered in Hay Equipment – Class 101.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names such as *Hay-Van*

Class 1103 Other Trailers and Semi Pulled Trailers

All semi pulled trailers will show in this class. Please include Semi Pulled (or pull type) in the description of the trailer. All large 5th wheel, king pin, or pintle hook attaching trailer (pulled by a 2 ton or larger truck) with heavy duty axles 10,000 lbs. or over, that have dual tandem or super singles with hydraulic or air brakes are examples of descriptors classifiers will use to place trailers in this class regardless of pull type. For example a pintle hook pulled trailer that meets these descriptors will fit this class. Trailers that are 40 ft. in length or longer will normally show in this class. Any semi pulled BBQ trailer that fits these criteria will fit in this Other Trailer class. Bumper pulled welding trailer will show in class 903. Gooseneck welding trailers are shown in this class.

Names and descriptions to use: Trailers may be varied in this class. You should use “Gooseneck or Semi or other pull type” in the description. 14 ft. Gooseneck Welder Trailer, 16 ft. Hydraulic Dump Gooseneck Trailer, 36 ft. Gooseneck

49819c81-b84d-4bc8-be3f-4045c1ea152c

Horse Trailer w/ Living Quarters, 45 ft. Semi Pulled Flatbed. You will notice that some of these descriptions are too long so to shorten name, length in ft. can be eliminated from the description. Also using "Trailer" is not necessary, unless as explained above. Semi pulled Fuel or Service Trailer, Gooseneck Welding or Repair Trailers, and other types of Gooseneck trailers are shown in this class.

Names and descriptions not to use: brand names

NEW TRACTOR SHOW – Note: there are no Division 12 or 13

Division 14 Early Model Tractors - Restoration

Names and descriptions to use: Year, Make, SN (serial number). Use "SN" for serial number and identify the model without using the word "Model" to save characters. Example: 1953 John Deere AR –SN 282350 (Although this is less than 40 characters, it can be shortened. To shorten, use JD instead of John Deere. In this example the Tractor would be entered in Class Tractors 1946 - 1963. Do not use restored or antique in the name. Do not use un-styled in name as the year identifies this. **Make sure the Year, Model and SN are included in the name.**

Tractors -Two Classes determined by Model Year

Class 1401 Tractors 1945 and older

Class 1402 Tractors 1946– 1963

Division 15 Late Model Tractors – Restoration & Reconditioning

Note: significant emphasis will be placed on newer technology in Class 1501 &1502.

Names and descriptions to use: Year, Make, SN (serial number). Use "SN" for serial number and identify the model without using the word "Model" to save characters. **Class 1501 continues to be a Restoration Class.** Criteria would still allow for those tractors needing to be disassembled and restored as has been done in the past. **Class 1502 is a NEW class which allows tractors to be repaired and reconditioned.** Criteria and Points for new Class 1502 are developed to accommodate those newer tractors that have had major repair and maintenance done and would not require total disassembly, stripped down and painted. They would be competitive through diagnostic and repair knowledge and skills. Points for knowledge would be increased to recognize the skills learned to determine causes of and repair malfunctions on more modern, larger tractors. **Make sure the Year, Model and SN are included in the name. See <http://jamshow.org> for more details of this new class.**

Tractors -Two Classes determined by Model Year and decision whether Restoration or Reconditioning is needed. The same tractor cannot be show in both classes.

Class 1501 Restoration Tractors 1964 – to Present (Restoration Required)

NEW

Class 1502 Recondition Tractors 1964 – to Present (Extensive Repair & Reconditioning Required)